LPS-151/152 dc tracking power supply



instruction manual



LPS-151/152 DC TRACKING POWER SUPPLY TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	DESCRIPTION	. 1
2.	FEATURES	. 1
3.	SPECIFICATIONS	. 1
4.	CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS	. 2
5.	OPERATING PRECAUTIONS	. 4
	5.1 Input Power	. 4
	5.2 Output Terminals	. 4
	5.3 General	. 4
	5.4 Environmental Considerations	. 4
6.	POWER SUPPLY OPERATION	. 4
	6.1 +6V Range Source	. 4
	6.1.1 Operation at a Constant Voltage	
	6.1.2 Operation Using Current Limiting	
	6.2 ±25V Range Sources	
	6.2.1 Fixed Tracking Mode, Constant Voltage Operation	
	6.2.2 Variable Tracking Ratio Mode, Constant Voltage Operation	
	6.2.3 Operation Using Current Limiting	. 5
	6.2.4 Voltage Settings Above 25V, Constant Voltage Operation	. 5
	6.2.5 Voltage Settings Above 25V, with Current Limiting	. 5
7.	CALIBRATION PROCEDURES	. 5
	7.1 Preparation	. 5
	7.2 Adjustment of Meter Zero with Power On	
	7.3 Adjustment of the Voltmeter with Power On	. 6
	7.4 Ammeter Adjustments	. 6
	7.5 Connections for Other AC Line Voltages	. 7
8.	PARTS LISTS	. 8
	8.1 LPS-151 Parts List	. 8
	8.2 LPS-152 Parts List	10
9.	BLOCK DIAGRAMS, PC BOARDS, AND SCHEMATICS	12



Figure 1-1. DC Tracking Power Supply

1. DESCRIPTION

The LPS-151/152 DC Tracking Power Supplies each provide three regulated voltage sources, covering the 0 to 6V, 0 to 25V and 0 to -25V ranges. The +25V and -25V range sources can also be used in a voltage tracking mode. These power supplies are equipped with a built-in voltmeter and ammeter so that the output conditions for each section of the supply can be monitored individually.

2. FEATURES

- 1. The +25V and -25V sources can be used in a voltage ratio tracking mode.
- 2. A source of 50V may be obtained by connecting the load across the +25V and -25V terminals.
- 3. Voltage and current settings are made via front panel controls and can be monitored on the built-in voltmeter and ammeter.

3. SPECIFICATIONS

Voltage and Current Ranges

	voltage and Ct	ment Kanges
Model	Output Voltage Range	Output Current Range
	0 to 6Vdc	0 to 3A
LPS-151	0 to 25Vdc	0 to 0.5A
	0 to -25Vdc	0 to 0.5A
	0 to 6Vdc	0 to 5A
LPS-152	0 to 25Vdc	0 to 1 A
	0 to -25 Vdc	0 to 1A

Ripple:

Less than 3mV_{p-p}

Line Regulation (output stability): Less than 3mV plus 0.01% of the input change for a 10% change of

line voltage.

Load Regulation:

Less than 3 mV plus 0.01% of the load value from no load to full

load.

In the ratio tracking mode, the Tracking Voltage:

-25V source tracks the +25V source by an adjustable ratio of

50 to 100%.

0 to 7 volts and 0 to 30 volts on a Voltmeter: dual scale. The meter range and

polarity are determined by pressing the appropriate METER

switch.

5% of the full scale reading. Voltmeter Accuracy:

LPS-151: 0 to 0.6 amperes and 0 Ammeter:

to 3.5 amperes on a dual scale. LPS-152: 0 to 1.2 amperes and 0 to 6 amperes on a dual scale.

The meter range and polarity are determined by pressing the appropriate METER switch.

Ammeter Accuracy: Insulation Voltage:

5% of the full scale reading.

1500 Vac applied for one minute between one of the ac input terminals and the case of the power

supply.

Circuit Protection:

Overload protection circuit with automatic resetting by sensing a

constant current.

Power Consumption:

LPS-151: approx. 120VA LPS-152: approx. 220VA

Heat Sink

Temperature Range:

At room temperature (23 to 25°C) 85°C (185°F) with 100% load.

Operating Temperature

Range

Operating Humidity

Range

30 to 85% (non-condensing)

0° to 35°C (32° to 95°F)

Storage Temperature

Range Size (W x H x D) $-20 \text{ to } +70^{\circ}\text{C} (-4 \text{ to } 158^{\circ}\text{F})$ LPS-151: 81/2 x 51/4 x 13 in.

215 x 132 x 332 mm.

LPS-152: 81/2 x 51/4 x 141/8 in. 215 x 132 x 360 mm.

Weight:

LPS-151: 131/2 lbs.; 6.1 kg LPS-152: 153/4 lbs.; 7.5 kg

Supplied Accessories:

Instruction Manual

4. CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS

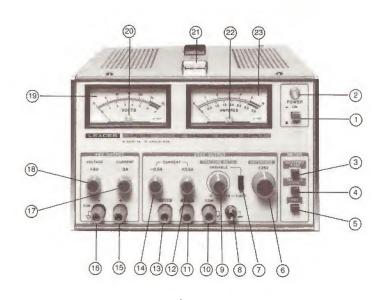


Figure 4-1. Front Panel

Front Panel. Refer to Figure 4-1.

POWER Switch

Press to turn on power. Press again to release button and turn off power.

Pilot lamp

Lights when power is on.

METER selector switches

These switches assign the voltmeter and ammeter to one of the ranges. (3) is for the +25V source. (4) is for the -25V source, and (5) is for the +6V source.

REFERENCE/±25V This provides output voltage

Control

level setting for the +25V and -25V range sources.

TRACKING RATIO In the FIXED position, the REF-Selector Switch

ERENCE/±25V control (6) sets both 25V sources to the same magnitude but opposite polarity. In the VARIABLE position, ratio tracking of the -25V source using the +25V source as a reference is possible.

Case ground terminal

This terminal is connected directly to the case

TRACKING RATIO This control determines the track-Control

ing ratio for the -25V source. When the TRACKING RATIO selector switch is in FIXED, this control is disabled.

2

(10) COM terminal

This is the common point for the +25V and -25V sources. This terminal is internally connected to COM terminal (16) for the 6V source.

11) +25V Source output terminal

CURRENT control LPS-151:+0.5A LPS-152:+1A

This sets the output current limit for the +25V source. It is adjustable from 0A to the full load current rating.

(13) -25V Source output terminal

CURRENT control LPS-151:-0.5A LPS-152:-1A This sets the output current limit for the -25V source. It is adjustable from 0A to the full load current rating.

(15) 6V Source output terminal

COM terminal Common terminal for the 6V source. This terminal is internally connected to COM terminal (10) for the +25V and -25V sources.

CURRENT control LPS-151: 3A LPS-152: 5A This sets the output current limit for the 6V source. It is adjustable from 0A to the full load current rating.

(18) VOLTAGE +6V

This sets the output voltage for the +6V source.

(19) Voltmeter

Gives voltage indication in the +25V and +6V ranges, selected by one of the METER (3), (4), and (5) buttons.

20) Voltmeter Zero adjust

(21) Handle

22) Ammeter Zero adjust

23) Ammeter

Gives current indication in the ± 25 V and ± 6 V ranges, selected by one of the METER mode (3), (4), and (5) buttons.

Rear Panel. Refer to to Figure 4-2.

24) AC Cord

Power cord, 3-wire grounded

(25) Fuse

LPS-151: 120V operation, 2A slow blow 240V operation, 1A slow blow

LPS-152:

120V operation, 3A slow blow 240V operation, 1.5A slow blow

(26) Heat sink

Dissipates heat to ensure proper power supply operation.



Figure 4-2. Rear Panel

5. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

5.1 INPUT POWER

Line voltage should be within $\pm 10\%$ of rated voltage (100V, 120V, 200V or 234V). Units shipped within the U.S. are set for 120Vac. Permissible operating range is 108 to 132 Vac. To adapt the unit to other voltages, see Section 7.5.

5.2 OUTPUT TERMINALS

- Connecting COM terminal (10) or (16) to case ground terminal (8) renders both COM terminals grounded to the case.
- In the case where a voltage output in the 25 to 50 volt range is obtained by a connection across the +25V and -25V terminals, ensure that both COM terminals are ungrounded.
- In all cases, ensure that connections to the output terminals of the power supply are made with lead wire of a sufficient rating for the current being drawn from the supply.

5.3 GENERAL

 The red zones on the voltmeter and ammeter indicate out of specification readings. Do not operate the power supply under conditions that cause red zone readings.

- When replacing the fuse, ensure that the AC line cord has been removed from the power source.
- 3. When long lead wires are used to connect a load to the power supply, currents may be induced in the leads by stray electromagnetic fields. These currents may cause oscillation in the power supply. In order to maintain the power supply stable, connect an appropriately valued electrolytic capacitor at the load. Also note that the use of long lead wires tends to increase voltage regulation.

5.4 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Avoid operation of the power supply under the following conditions:
 - a. Dusty environments
 - b. High humidity
 - c. Poor ventilation
 - d. Near other power sources
 - e. Exposed to direct sunlight
- The ambient temperature for power supply operation should be in the range from 0° to 35°C (32° to 95°F).
- Ensure that the power supply is kept well ventilated. This includes keeping the area around the supply clear, especially the heat sink section.

6. POWER SUPPLY OPERATION

For all operation, the power cord must be connected to an AC power source of the proper voltage and frequency. The unit is turned on by pushing the POWER button (1) in. The green LED (2) should light when the unit is turned on.

6.1 +6V RANGE SOURCE

- 1. Operation at a Constant Voltage
 - a. Press the +6V METER selector button (5).
 - b. Turn the CURRENT control (17) fully clockwise.
 - Use the voltage control (18) to set the voltage to the desired level on the VOLTMETER (19). (Clockwise rotation of the control causes voltage to increase.)
 - d. The load may now be connected to the supply.
- 2. Operation using current limiting.
 - a. Press the +6V METER selector button (5).
 - Ensure that the CURRENT control (17) is turned to its fully counterclockwise position.
 - c. Using the VOLTAGE control (18), set the output voltage to the desired level.
 - d. Short circuit output terminals (15) and (16). The voltmeter will indicate zero volts.
 - e. Using the CURRENT control (17), set the current limiting to the desired value on the AMMETER (23). Rotating the CURRENT control (17) clockwise raises the current limit setpoint.
 - Remove the short circuit from output terminals (15) and (16).
 - g. The load may now be connected to the supply.

6.2 ±25V RANGE SOURCES

The ± 25 V sources may be operated in one of two modes. In the FIXED TRACKING mode, the output of the -25V source will track the setting of the +25V source in a 1:1 ratio. In the VARIABLE TRACKING RATIO mode, the output of the -25V source tracks the output of the +25V source by a ratio that is adjusted by the user.

- 6.2.1. FIXED TRACKING mode, constant voltage opera
 - a. Push the REFERENCE +25V METER selector button
 - b. Ensure that the TRACKING RATIO selector switch (7) is in the FIXED position.
 - Turn CURRENT controls (12) and (14) to their fully clockwise positions.
 - d. Turn the REFERENCE ±25V control (6) to the desired positive voltage level. This will also cause the -25V source to be set at the same voltage with the opposite polarity.
 - To confirm this, press the TRACKING METER -25V selector button (4). It should indicate the same voltage magnitude as the +25V range reading, within 1.5%. After the comparison, press the REFERENCE +25V METER selector button (3) again.
 - e. The load may now be connected to the supply.

6.2.2. Variable Tracking Ratio Mode, Constant Voltage Operation.

a. Push the +25V METER selector button (3).

b. Ensure that the TRACKING RATIO selector switch (7) is in the VARIABLE position.

c. Turn the CURRENT controls (12) and (14) to their fully

clockwise positions.

 d. Turn the REFERENCE/+25V control (6) to the desired positive voltage.

e. Push the TRACKING -25V METER selector button (4).

f. Using the TRACKING RATIO control (9), set the -25V source to the desired negative voltage.

After the TRACKING RATIO control (9) has been set, turning the REFERENCE/+25V control (6) will cause the -25V source to change its voltage with respect to the +25V source by the established ratio.

g. Press the REFERENCE +25V METER selector button (3).

h. The load may now be connected to the supply.

6.2.3. Operation Using Current Limiting

 a. Set the CURRENT controls (12) and (14) to their fully counterclockwise positions.

b. Set the ±25V sources to the desired voltage by using one of the procedures above. Disregard the step involving turning the current controls fully clockwise.

c. Ensure that the REFERENCE +25V METER selector

button (3) is pressed in.

d. Short circuit the COM and +25V terminals (10) and (11). The voltmeter will indicate zero volts.

e. Set the +0.5A (+1A for the LPS-152) CURRENT control (12) to the desired level of current limiting as indicated on the AMMETER (23). Rotating the CURRENT control (12) clockwise raises the current limit setpoint.

f. Remove the short circuit from the COM and +25V terminals (10) and (11).

g. Press the TRACKING -25V METER selector button (4).

h. Short circuit the COM and -25V terminals (10) and (13). The voltmeter will indicate zero volts.

Set the -0.5A (-1A for the LPS-152) CURRENT control (14) to the level of current limiting desired as indicated on the AMMETER (23). Rotating the CURRENT control (14) clockwise raises the current limit setpoint.

Remove the short circuit from the COM and -25V terminals (10) and (13).

k. Press the REFERENCE +25V METER selector button

1. The load may now be connected to the supply.

6.2.4. Voltage Settings Above 25V, Constant Voltage Operation.

Used together, the ±25V sources will produce a maximum output of 50V. However, in this mode the 6V output may not be used.

a. Press the REFERENCE +25V METER selector button
 (3).

b. Set CURRENT controls (12) and (14) to their fully clockwise position.

c. Ensure that the TRACKING RATIO selector switch (7)is in the FIXED position.

d Turn the REFERENCE/+25V control (6) such the the voltmeter (18) indicates one -half of the desired voltage value. Remember that the voltmeter will only indicate one-half of the voltage value between the ±25V output terminals (11) and (13).

e. The load may now be connected to the supply. The maximum current available at 50V is 0.5A (1.0A with the LPS-152).

6.2.5. Voltage Settings Above 25V with Current Limiting.

 a. Set the CURRENT controls (12) and (14) to their fully counterclockwise positions.

b. Set the +25V sources for above 25V operation by using the procedure above. Disregard the step involving turning the current controls fully clockwise.

 c. Ensure that the REFERENCE +25V METER selector button (3) is pressed in.

 d. Short circuit the +25V and -25V terminals (11) and (13). The voltmeter will indicate zero volts.

e. Set the +0.5A (+1A for the LPS-152) CURRENT control (12) to the desired level of current limiting as indicated on the AMMETER (23). Rotating the CURRENT control (12) clockwise raises the current limit setpoint.

f. Remove the short circuit from the +25V and -25V terminals (11) and (13).

g. The load may now be connected to the supply.

7. CALIBRATION PROCEDURES

The following instructions detail the calibration of the meters and voltage outputs for the LPS-151/152 power supply. Also included are transformer tap changing directions so that the power supply may be used with a line voltage other than 120Vac.

7.1 PREPARATION

1. Adjustment of Meter Mechanical Zero.

 a. Turn the power supply off and allow one minute for all capacitors to discharge.

 b. On the voltmeter, turn the zero adjust screw (20) so that the pointer indicates exactly zero.

c. When the pointer is at zero, rotate the screw a small amount in the opposite direction to the direction it was last turned in step b to relieve movement tension. d. On the ammeter, turn the zero adjust screw (22) so that the pointer indicates exactly zero.

e. When the pointer is at zero, rotate the screw a small amount in the opposite direction to the direction it was last turned in step d to relieve meter movement tension.

2. Initial Control Settings

Set the front panel controls to the positions indicated.

7.2 ADJUSTMENT OF METER ZERO WITH POWER ON

- 1. +25V range
 - a. Turn the power on.
 - b. Push the REFERENCE +25V METER selector button (3).
 - c. On circuit board T-2665A, adjust VR502 (0 ADJ) until the voltmeter indicates zero.
- 2. -25V range
 - a. Push the TRACKING -25V METER selector button
 (4).
 - b. On circuit board T-2665A, adjust VR504 (0 ADJ) until the voltmeter indicates zero.
- 3. +6V range
 - a. Push the +6V METER selector button (5).
 - b. On circuit board T-2665A, adjust VR506 (0 ADJ) until the voltmeter indicates zero.

7.3 ADJUSTMENT OF THE VOLTMETER WITH POWER ON

- 1. +25V range
 - Push the REFERENCE +25V METER selector button (3).
 - b. Connect a known calibrated voltmeter across the +25V output (+) and COM (-) terminals.
 - Set the REFERENCE/±25V control so that the voltmeter reads 25.0Vdc.
 - d. On circuit board T-2665A, adjust VR501 (VOLTS) so that the voltmeter indicates 25V.
- 2. -25V range
 - a, Push the TRACKING -25V METER selector button (4).
 - b. Connect a known calibrated voltmeter across the -25V output (+) and COM (-) terminals.
 - c. Confirm that the voltmeter and the power supply voltmeter both indicate -25V.
- 3. +6V range
 - a. Push the +6V METER selector button (5).
 - b. Connect a known calibrated voltmeter across the +6V
 (+) and COM (-) terminals.
 - Use the +6V voltage control to make the voltmeter indicate 6.0Vdc. The power supply voltmeter should indicate 6 volts.

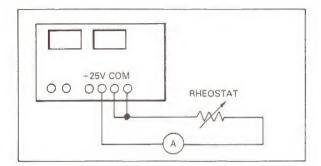


Figure 7-1.

7.4 AMMETER ADJUSTMENTS

- 1. ±0.5A range
 - a. Push the REFERENCE +25V METER selector button.
 - Set the +0.5A (1A for the LPS-152) CURRENT control fully clockwise.
 - c. Connect a known calibrated ammeter and a 12.5W (25W for the LPS-152) rheostat as shown in Figure 7-1.
 - d. Set the REFERENCE/±25V control so that the voltmeter indicates 25V.
 - e. Adjust the rheostat so that the installed ammeter indicates 0.5A (1.0A for the LPS-152).
 - f. On circuit board T-2665A, adjust VR503 (FULL SCALE) for a reading of +0.5A (1.0A for the LPS-152) on the power supply ammeter.

2. -25V range

- a. Push the TRACKING -25V METER selector button.
- b. Connect a known calibrated ammeter and a 12.5W (25W for the LPS-152) rheostat as shown in Figure 7-2.
- c. Set the =0.5A (=1A for the LPS-152) CURRENT control fully clockwise.
- d. Set the REFERENCE/ ± 25 V control so that the voltmeter indicates -25V.
- e. Adjust the rheostat so that the installed ammeter indicates -0.5A (-1.0A for the LPS-152).
- f. On circuit board T-2665A, adjust VR505 (FULL SCALE) for a reading of -0.5A (-1.0A for the LPS-152) on the power supply ammeter.

3. 3A range (5A for the LPS-152)

- a Push the +6V METER selector button.
- b. Connect a known calibrated ammeter and a 18W (30W for the LPS-152) rheostat as shown in Figure 7-3.
- Set the 3A (5A for the LPS-152) CURRENT control fully clockwise.
- d. Set the REFERENCE/±25V control so that the voltmeter indicates ±6V.
- e. Adjust the rheostat so that the installed ammeter indicates 3.0A (5.0A for the LPS-152).
- f. On circuit board T-2665A, adjust VR507 (FULL SCALE) for a reading of 3A (5A for the LPS-152) on the power supply ammeter.

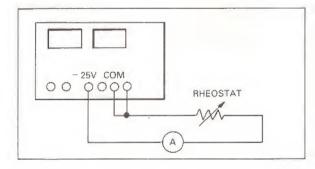


Figure 7-2.

7.5 CONNECTIONS FOR OTHER AC LINE VOLTAGES

The LPS-151/152 units shipped within the U.S. are connected for 120Vac operation. Other line voltages may be used after transformer tap connections are changed. Refer to Figure 7-4 for proper connections, and to Table 7-1 for permissible voltage ranges and proper fuse ratings.

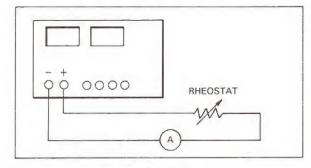


Figure 7-3.

Table 7-1
Permissible Voltage Variations and Fuse Ratings
For Tap Connections

		Fuse	Rating
Nominal Value	Operating Voltage Range	LPS-151	LPS-152
100V	90-110V	2A	3A
120V	108-132V	slow blow	slow blow
200V	180-220V	1A	1.5A
220V	198-242V	slow blow	slow blow
240V	216-264V	1	

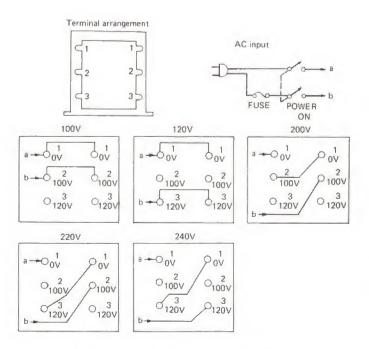


Figure 7-4. Transformer Tap Connections

8. REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

8.1 LPS-151 Parts List.

SCH. No.	Symbol No.	Description Description Description DIODES			
		1	DIODES		
1/3	D101	Rect	200V	IA	1DZ61
1/3	D102		200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D103	Zener	7.5V		1Z75
1/3	D104	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D105	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D106				1S1588
1/3	D107				1SZ51
1/3	D108	40.000			RD91EB
1/3	D109 D201				3CD13
1/3	D202	Rect	150V	3.A	3CD13
1/3	D203	Rect	100V	3A	3BZ61
1/3	D204	Det	35V		1\$1588
1/3	D205	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D206	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D207	Det	35V		151588
1/3	D208	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D209	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D210	Rect	200V	1 A	1DZ61
1/3	D301	Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D302	Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D303	Rect	200V	1 A	1DZ61
1/3	D304	Det	35V		151588
1/3	D305	Det	35V		151588
1/3	D306	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D307	Det	35V		151588
1/3	D308	Det	35V 35V		1S1588 1S1588
1/3 1/3	D309 D310	Det Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D401	Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D402	Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D403	Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D404	Rect	200V	1A	IDZ61
1/3	D405	Det	35V		IS1588
1/3	D406	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D407	Det	35V		IS1588
1/3	D408	Det	35V		151588
1/3	D409 D410	Rect Det	200V 35V	1A	1DZ61 1S1588
2/3	D501	Det	35V		LS1588
1/3	PL101	LED	224		SLP-751
		I	Cs		
1/3	[C10]	Op Amp	LM30	1AP	
1/3	IC201	Op Amp	1458		
1/3	IC301	Op Amp	1458		
1/3	IC401	Op Amp	1458		
		TRA	NSISTORS		
1/3	Q101	NPN	2SC49	95-0	
1/3	Q102	PNP	2SAH		
1/3	Q103	NPN	2SC18		
1/3	Q104	NPN	2SC49		
1/3	Q105	PNP	2SA5	J5-U	

SCH. No.	Symbol No.		Descript	tion	
			TRANSIS'	TORS	
1/3 1/3	Q201 Q202	NPN PNP		0717-0 3755-0	
1/3 1/3	Q301 Q302	NPN PNP		2495-0 3755-0	
1/3	Q401 Q402	NPN PNP	2SI	0845-0 \505-0	
ĺ			CAPACIT	ORS	
1/3	C101	Electrolytic	100V	1000μF	
1/3	C102	Mica	500V	330pF	±10%
1/3	C103	Electrolytic	50V	$0.47 \mu F$	±20%
1/3	C201	Plastic	400V	$0.047 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C202	Plastic	400V	$0.047 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C203	Electrolytic	25V	10,000µF	
1/3	C204	Plastic	50V	0.01µF	±10%
1/3	C205	Plastic	50V	$0.0047 \mu F$	$\pm 10\%$
1/3	C206	Electrolytic	50V	10μF	
1/3	C207	Electrolytic	16V	1,000µF	
1/3	C208	Plastic	63V	lμF	±10%
173	C301	Plastic	400V	$0.047 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C302	Plastic	400V	0.047µF	±10%
1/3	C303	Electrolytic	63V	2200μF	
1/3	C304	Plastic	50V	$0.0022 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C305	Plastic	50V	$0.0022 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C306	Electrolytic	50V	10μF	
1/3	C307	Electrolytic	50V	220µF	
1/3	C308	Ceramic	50V	$0.1\mu F$	
1/3	C309	Plastic	50V	$0.0033 \mu F$	$\pm 10\%$
1/3	C401	Plastic	400V	$0.047 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C402	Plastic	400V	$0.047 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C403	Electrolytic	63V	$2200 \mu F$	
1/3	C404	Plastic	50V	0.01µF	±10%
1/3	C405	Plastic	50V	$0.0033 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C406	Electrolytic	50V	$10\mu F$	
1/3	C407	Electrolytic	50V	220μF	
1/3	C408	Ceramic	50V	$0.1 \mu F$	
			RESISTO	ORS	
1/3	R101	Wire wound	31Ω	±5%	5V
1/3	R102	Wire wound	130Ω	±5%	314
1/3	R103	Wire wound	250Ω	±5%	3W
1/3	R104	Wire wound	100Ω	±5%	100
1/3	R105	Metal	880Ω	±1%	1/4 W
1/3	R106	Metal	10kΩ	±1%	1/4W
1/3	R107	Metal	l0kΩ	±1%	1/4W
1/3	R108	Carbon	15kΩ	±5%	1/4W
1/3	R109	Carbon	220Ω	±5%	1/2W
1/3	R110	Carbon	10kΩ	$\pm 5\%$	1/4 W
1/3	R111	Carbon	3.3kΩ	±5%	V4W
1/3	R112	Carbon	10kΩ	±5%	1/4 W
1/3	R113	Carbon	15kΩ	±5%	1/4 W
1/3	R114	Carbon	1.2kΩ	±5%	1/434

SCH. No.	Symbol No.		Description	on		
			RESISTORS			
1/3	R201	Carbon	2.2kΩ	±5%	1/2W	
1/3	R202	Wire wound	50Ω	±5%	10%	
1/3				±5%	1/2W	
	R203	Carbon	820Ω	± 3%	72 99	
1/3	R204					
1/3	R205					
1/3	R206	Carbon	7.5kΩ	±5%	1/2W	
1/3	R207	Metal	150kΩ	±1%	1/4 W	
1/3	R208	Metal	100Ω	±1%	1/4 W	
1/3	R209	Carbon	750Ω	±5%	1/4W	
1/3	R210	Wire wound	0.25Ω	±5%	5 W	
1/3	R211	Carbon	220Ω	±5%	1/4 W	
1/3	R212	Metal	39kΩ	±1%	1/4W	
1/3	R213	Carbon	330Ω	±5%	1/4W	
1/3	R214	Carbon	18Ω	±5%	1/2W	
1/3	R215	Metal	9.1kΩ	±1%	1/4W	
1/3	R216	Wire wound	0.1Ω	±5%	2W	
1/3	R301	Carbon	5.6kΩ	±5%	1/2W	
1/3	R302	Metal	560Ω	±5%	134	
1/3	R303	Carbon	820Ω	±5%	1/2W	
1/3	R304	Carbon	15kΩ	±5%	1/2W	
1/3	R305	Metal	100kΩ	±1%	1/4W	
1/3	R306	Metal	560Ω	±1%	1/4W	
1/3	R307	Metal	5.6kΩ	±1%	1/4W	
1/3	R308	Wire wound	1.5Ω	±5%	5W	
1/3	R309	Carbon	220Ω	±5%	1/4W	
1/3	R310	Metal	3.9kΩ	±1%	14W	
1/3	R311	Carbon	1.5kΩ	±5%	1/4W	
1/3	R312	Carbon	18Ω	±5%	1/2 W	
1/3	R313	Metal	2.2kΩ	±1%	1/4W	
1/3	R314	Wire wound	0.1Ω	±5%	2W	
1/3	R401	Carbon	5.6kΩ	±5%	1/2 W	
1/3	R402	Carbon	820Ω	±5%	1/2 W	
1/3	R403	Carbon	560Ω	±5%	1/2W	
1/3	R404	Carbon	15kΩ	±5%	14W	
1/3	R404	Metal	560Ω	±1%	1/4W	
1/3	R406	Carbon	1.5kΩ	±5%	1/4W	
1/3	R407	Carbon	18Ω	±5%	1/2W	
			220Ω	±5%	1/4 W	
1/3	R408	Carbon		±5%	5 W	
1/3	R409 R410	Wire wound Metal	1.5Ω 3.9kΩ	±1%	1/4W	
1/3	R411	Metal	22kΩ	±1%	WAY	
1/3	R412	Metal	10kΩ	±1%	1/4W	
1/3	R413	Metal	22kΩ	±1%	1/4W	
1/3	R414	Wire wound	0.1Ω	±5%	2W	
1/3	R415	wire wound				
2/3	R501	Carbon	390Ω	±5%	1/4W	
2/3	R502	Carbon	470Ω	±5%	1/4 VA	
2/3	R503	Metal	12kΩ	±1%	54 W	
2/3	R504	Metal	200Ω	±1%	1/4W	
2/3	R505	Metal	2.4kΩ	±1%	1/4 W	
2/3	R506	Carbon	100kΩ	±5%	1/4 W	
2/3	R507	Carbon	56kΩ	±5%	1/4 W	
2/3	R508	Carbon	68kΩ	±5%	1/4 W	
		VARIABLE RESISTORS				
1/3	VR201	Wire wound	10kΩB	±5%	1.2W	
1/3	VR202	Wire wound	3kΩB	±5%	1.2W	
1/3	VR301	Wire wound	10kΩB	±5%	1,2W	
1/3	VR302	Wire wound	3kΩB	±5%	1.2W	

SCH. No.	Symbol No.		Descripti	on	
		VARIA	BLERES	SISTORS	
1/3	VR401	Wire wound	$3k\Omega B$	±5%	1.2W
1/3	VR402	Wire wound	$10k\Omega B$	$\pm5\%$	1.2W
2/3	VR501	Metal glaze	220Ω		1/2W
2/3	VR502	Metal glaze	$1 k\Omega$		1/2W
2/3	VR503	Metal glaze	lkΩ		1/2W
2/3	VR504	Metal glaze	lkΩ		1/2W
2/3	VR505	Metal glaze	1kΩ		1/2W
2/3	VR506	Metal glaze	$1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$		1/2W
2/3	VR507	Metal glaze	lkΩ		1/2W
		TI	RANSFO	RMER	
1/3	PT101	Power Transform	mer J	459A	
		CON	NECTO	RS	
1/3	J101	XH Connects	or (B)	2B-XH	
			ίxi	HP-2	
1/3	J201	XH Connects	or (B)	B-XH	
11-2	3201	All Collices	,	HP-2	
1/3	J202	XH Connect	or CB3	B-XH	
17.5	1202	AH Collifecti		HP-3	
1.10	1201	VII.C		2B-XH	
1/3	J301	XH Connects	,	HP-2	
	1000	177.6			
1/3	1302	XH Connects		BB-XH HP-3	
1/3	J401	XH Connect	,	BB-XH HP-3	
1/3	J402	XH Connect	- /	BB-XH HP-3	
3/3	J403	XH Connecto	- /	B-XH	
			(A)	HP-9	
1/3	J501	XH Connecto		2B-XH	
			LXI	HP-2	
1/3	J502	XH Connecto	,	2B-XH	
				HP-2	
		FUSE	& HO	LDER	
1/3	F501	90 — 132V		42A	
	F501	Holder	FH-		
		180 — 264V		4 I A	
		ME	TERS		
2/3	M501		H-1		
2/3	M502		H-1	091	
		SWI	TCHES		
1/3	S401	Slide		022 L=9	
1/3	S501	Power Push	SDC S-3-	35P-E	
2/3	S502			14	
		TERMIN			
1/3	101	Metal Termin		376A	
1/3	201	Leader Termin			
1/3	202	Leader Termin			
1/3	301	Leader Termin			
1/3	302	Leader Termin		•	
1/3	401	Leader Termin			
		PRINTEI	CIRCU	IT BOARI	S
1/3		T-2672B		er Supply	
2/3		T-2665A	Met	er	

8.2 LPS-152 Parts List.

SCH. No.	Symbol No.		Description	n	
			DIODES		
1/3	D101	Rect	200V	IA	IDZ61
1/3	D101	Rect	200V	IA	IDZ61
				IA	
1/3	D103	Zener	7.5V		1Z75
,1/3	D104	Det	35V		151588
1/3	D105	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D106	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D107	Zener	6.2V		1SZ51
1/3	D108	Zener	9.1V		RD91E
1/3	D109	Rect	200V	1A	IDZ61
1/3	D201	Rect	150V	6A	6CD13
1/3	D202	Rect	150V	6A	6CD13
1/3	D203	Rect	100V	3A	3BZ61
1/3	D204	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D205	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D206	Det	35V		IS1588
1/3	D207	Det	35V		181588
1/3	D208	Det	35V		IS1588
1/3	D209	Det	35V		IS1588
1/3	D210	Rect	100V	3A	3BZ61
1/3	D301	Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D301	Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D303	Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D303	Det	35V	174	1S1588
1/3	D304 D305	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D306	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D307	Det	35V		
1/3	D308	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D309	Det	35V	1.4	IS1588
1/3	D310	Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D401	Rect	200 V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D402	Rect	200V	1A	IDZ61
1/3	D403	Rect	200V	IA	1DZ61
1/3	D404	Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D405	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D406	Det	35V		1\$1588
1/3	D407	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D408	Det	35V		1S1588
1/3	D409	Rect	200V	1A	1DZ61
1/3	D410	Det	35V		1\$1588
2/3	D501	Det	35V		181588
1/3	PL101	LED	00.		SLP-75
			Cs		
* 10	10101) 1 6 D	
1/3	IC101	Op Amp	LM30	HAP	
1/3	IC201	Op Amp	1458		
1/3	IC301	Op Amp	1458		
1/3	IC401	Op Amp	1458		
		TRA	NSISTORS		
1/3	Q101	NPN	2SC4	95-0	
1/3	Q102	PNP	2SAI	012	
1/3	Q103	NPN	2SC1	815-0	
1/3	Q104	NPN	2SC4	195-0	
1/3	Q105	PNP		05-0	
1/3	Q201	NPN	2SD7	717-0	
1/3	Q202	PNP	2SB7		
1/3	Q203	PNP	2SB7		

SCH. No.	Symbol No.		Descript	ion	
1/3	Q301	NPN	2SC	495-0	
1/3	Q302	PNP	2SB	755-0	
1/3	Q401	NPN	2SD	845-0	
1/3	Q402	PNP	2SA	505-0	
		(CAPACIT	ORS	
1/3	C101	Electrolytic	1 100V	1000μF	
1/3	C101	Mica	500V	330pF	±10%
1/3	C103	Electrolytic	50V	$0.47 \mu F$	±20%
1/3	C201	Plastic	400V	$0.047 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C202	Plastic	400V	0.047µF	±10%
1/3	C203	Electrolytic	25V	10,000μF	
1/3	C204	Plastic	50V	0.01µF	±10%
1/3	C205	Plastic	50V	$0.0047 \mu \mathrm{F}$	±10%
1/3	C206	Electrolytic	50V	10μF	
1/3	C207	Electrolytic	16V	1.000µF	
1/3	C208	Plastic	63V	1μ F	±10%
1/3	C301	Plastic	400V	$0.047 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C302	Plastic	400V	$0.047 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C303	Electrolytic	63V	$2200\mu F$	
1/3	C304	Plastic	50V	$0.0022 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C305	Plastic	50V	0.0022μF	±10%
1/3	C306	Electrolytic	50V	$10\mu F$	
1/3	C307	Electrolytic	50V	220μF	
1/3	C308	Ceramic	50V	0.1μF	
1/3	C309	Plastic	50V	$0.0033 \mu F$	±10%
1/3	C401	Plastic	400V	$0.047\mu F$	±10%
1/3	C402	Plastic	400V	0.047μF	±10%
1/3	C403	Electrolytic	63V	2200µF	+ 100
1/3	C404 C405	Plastic Plastic	50V 50V	0.01μF 0.0033μF	± 10%
					_ 10 %
1/3	C406	Electrolytic	50V 50V	10μF 220μF	
1/3	C407 C408	Electrolytic Ceramic	50V	0.1μF	
1/3	C408		ESISTOR		
	Pioi			±5%	51
1/3	R101	Wire wound Wire wound	31Ω 130Ω	±5%	31
1/3	R102 R103	Wire wound	250Ω	±5%	31
1/3	R103	Wire wound	100Ω	±5%	10'
1/3	R105	Metal	880Ω	±1%	1/47
1/3	R106	Metal	10kΩ	±1%	1/4"
1/3	R107	Metal	10kΩ	±1%	1/41
1/3	R108	Carbon	15kΩ	±5%	1/41
1/3	R109	Carbon	220Ω	±5%	1/21
1/3	R110	Carbon	10kΩ	±5%	1/4
1/3	RIII	Carbon	3.3kΩ	±5%	1/47
1/3	R112	Carbon	10kΩ	$\pm 5\%$	1/4"
1/3	R113	Carbon	15kΩ	±5%	1/47
1/3	R114	Carbon	1.2kΩ	±5%	1/47
1/3	R201	Carbon	2.2kΩ	±5%	1/27
1/3	R202	Wire wound	50Ω	±5%	10
1/3	R203	Carbon	820Ω	±5%	1/21
1/3	R204 R205	Wire wound Wire wound	0.1Ω 0.1Ω		2'
	K205	wite wound			
1/3	R206 R207	Carbon Metal	7.5kΩ 150kΩ	±5% ±1%	1/21

SCH. No.	Symbol No.		Description	on	
		RESISTORS			
1/3	R209	Carbon	750Ω	±5%	1/4W
1/3	R210	Wire wound	0.25Ω	±5%	5W
			2200	±5%	1 () 7
1/3	R211	Carbon	220Ω		1/4W 1/4W
1/3	R212	Metal	39kΩ	±1%	
1/3	R213	Carbon	330Ω	±5%	1/4W
1/3	R214	Carbon	18Ω	±5%	1/2W
1/3	R215	Metal	$9.1k\Omega$	±1%	1/4W
1/3	R216	Wire wound	0.1Ω	±5%	214
1/3	R301	Сагьоп	$5.6k\Omega$	±5%	1/2W
1/3	R302	Metal	560Ω	±5%	IW
1/3	R303	Carbon	820Ω	±5%	1/2W
1/3	R304	Carbon	$15k\Omega$	±5%	1/2W
1/3	R305	Metal	$100k\Omega$	$\pm 1\%$	1/41/4
1/3	R306	Metal	560Ω	±1%	1/4 W
1/3	R307	Metal	5.6kΩ	±1%	1/4 W
1/3	R308	Wire wound	0.5Ω	±5%	5W
1/3	R309	Carbon	150Ω	±5%	1/474
		Metal	39kΩ	±1%	1/4W
1/3	R310	Metal	39875	- 1 76	74 94
1/3	R311	Carbon	$1.5k\Omega$	±5%	1/4W
1/3	R312	Carbon	18Ω	±5%	1/2 W
1/3	R313	Metal	$2.2k\Omega$	±1%	1/4W
1/3	R314	Wire wound	0.1Ω	±5%	2W
1/3	R401	Carbon	5.6kΩ	±5%	1/2W
1/3	R402	Carbon	820Ω	±5%	1/2W
	R402 R403	Carbon	560Ω	±5%	1/2 W
1/3	R404	Carbon	15kΩ	±5%	1/4W
1/3	R404	Metal	560Ω	±1%	1/4W
1/3	R406	Carbon	1.5kΩ	±5%	1/4W
1/3	R407	Carbon	18Ω	±5%	1/2W
1/3	R407	Carbon	150Ω	±5%	1/4W
	R409	Wire wound	0.5Ω	±5%	5W
1/3	R409 R410	Metal	39kΩ	±1%	1/4W
1/3	R411	Metal	$22k\Omega$	±1%	1/4W
1/3	R412	Metal	$10k\Omega$	±1%	1/4W
1/3	R413	Metal	22kΩ	±1%	1/4W
1/3	R414		0.10	1.50	211
1/3	R415	Wire wound	0.1Ω	±5%	2W
2/3	R501	Carbon	390Ω	±5%	1/4W
2/3	R502	Carbon	470Ω	±5%	1/4 W
2/3	R503	Metal	$12k\Omega$	±1%	1/4 W
2/3	R504	Metal	200Ω	±1%	1/434
2/3	R505	Metal	$2.4k\Omega$	±1%	1/4W
2/3	R506	Carbon	100kΩ	±5%	1/4W
2/3	R507	Carbon	56kΩ	±5%	/4W
2/3	R508	Carbon	68kΩ	±5%	1/4 W
2/3	l NJU6		IABLE RES		/411
1/3	VR201	Wire wound	10kΩB	±5%	1.2W
1/3	VR202	Wire wound	3kΩB	±5%	1.2W
1/3	VR301	Wire wound	10kΩΒ	±5%	1.2W
1/3	VR301 VR302	Wire wound	3kΩB	±5%	1.2%
1/3	V K 302	Will Would			
1/3	VR401	Wire wound	3kΩB	±5%	1.2V
1/3	VR402	Wire wound	I0kΩB	±5%	1.28
2/3	VR501	Metal glaze	220Ω		1/2 W
2/3	VR502	Metal glaze	IkΩ		1/21/

SCH. No.	Symbol No.]	Description	
		VARIAB	LE RESISTORS	
2/3	VR503	Metal glaze	JkΩ	1/2 V
2/3	VR504	Metal glaze	$1k\Omega$	1/2V
2/3	VR505	Metal glaze	IkΩ	1/2V
2/3	VR506	Metal glaze	tkΩ	1/2V
2/3	VR507	Metal glaze	lkΩ	1/2 V
		TE	ANSFORMER	
1/3	PT101	Power Transform	ner J-460A	
		CON	NECTORS	
1/3	J101	XH Connecto	or rB2B-XH	
173	3101	Arreonneed	XHP-2	
1/3	J201	XH Connecto	г (В2В-ХН	
1/3	3201	An Connecte	XHP-2	
4.0	1202	V/II 0	-	
1/3	J202	XH Connecto	or {B3B-XH XHP-3	
1/3	J301	XH Connecte	or SB2B-XH XHP-2	
1/3	J302	XH Connecte	or {B3B-XH {XHP-3	
1/3	J401	XH Connecto		
			LXHP-3	
1/3	J402	XH Connecte	,	
			XHP-3	
3/3	J403	XH Connecto	/	
			LXHP-9	
1/3	J501	XH Connecto	or fB2B-XH	
			LXHP-2	
1/3	J502	XH Connecte	or fB2B-XH	
			XHP-2	
		FUSE	& HOLDER	
1/3	F501	90 — 132V	ST-4 3A	
		180 — 264V	ST-4 1.5A	
	F501	Holder	FH-032	
		MET	TERS	
2/3	M501		H-1692	
2/3	M502		H-1691	
		SWI	TCHES	
1/3	S401	Slide	SSB022 L=9	
1/3	S501	Power	SDG5P-E	
2/3	S502	Push	S-3-14	
		TERMIN	IALS	
1/3	101	Metal Termina	D-1376A	
1/3	201	Leader Termin	-	
1/3	202	Leader Termin	*	
1/3	301	Leader Termin	-	
1/3	302 401	Leader Termin Leader Termin		
1/3	401		al Gray CIRCUIT BOARDS	2
				,
1/3		T-2672B T-2665A	Power Supply Meter	
2/3		1-2003A	Metet	

9. BLOCK DIAGRAM, P.C. BOARDS, AND SCHEMATICS

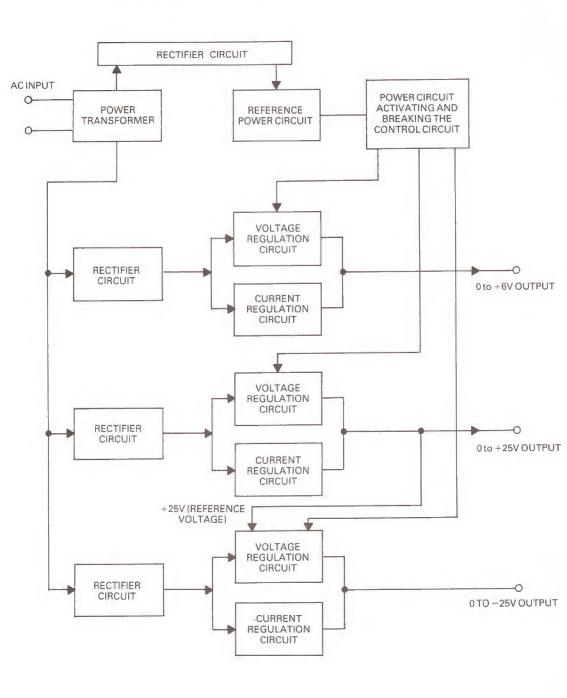


Figure 9-1. Block Diagram

3

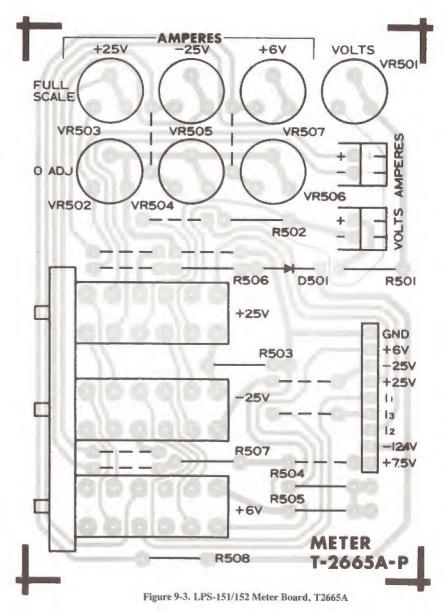


Figure 9-2. LPS-151/152 Block Diagram

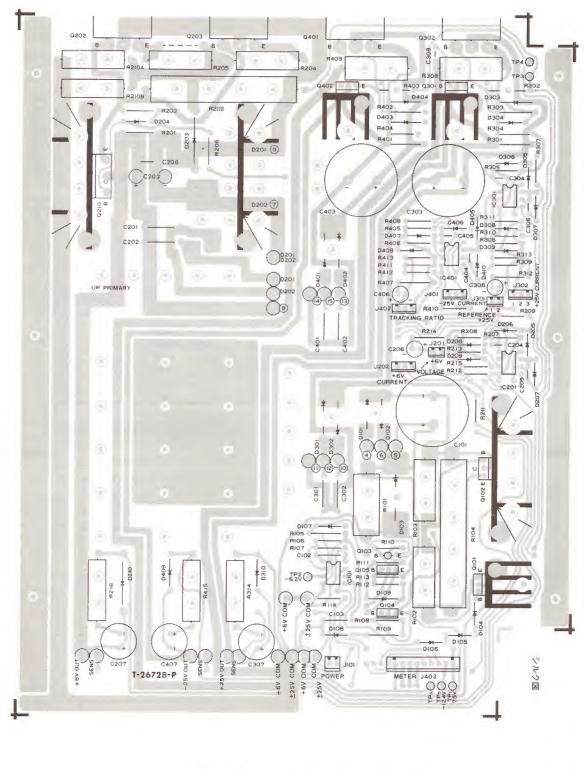


Figure 9-4. LPS-151/152 Power Supply Board, T2672A

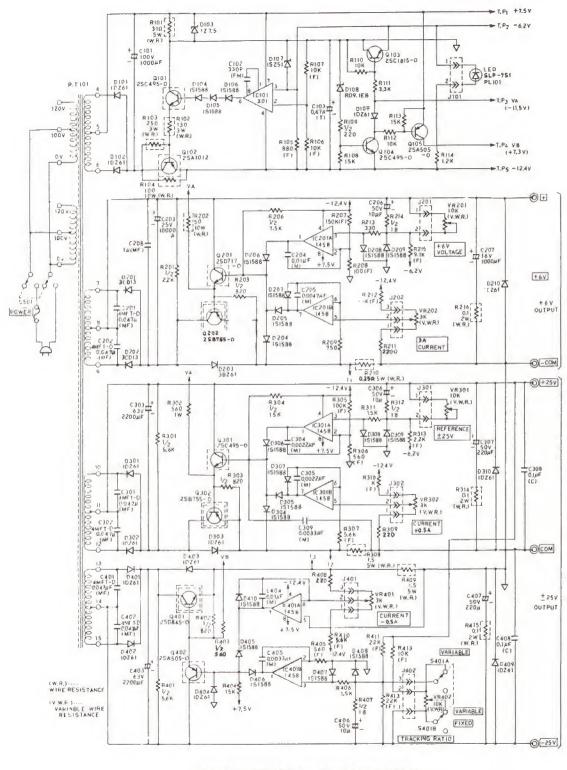


Figure 9-5. LPS-151 Power Supply Board, T2672A

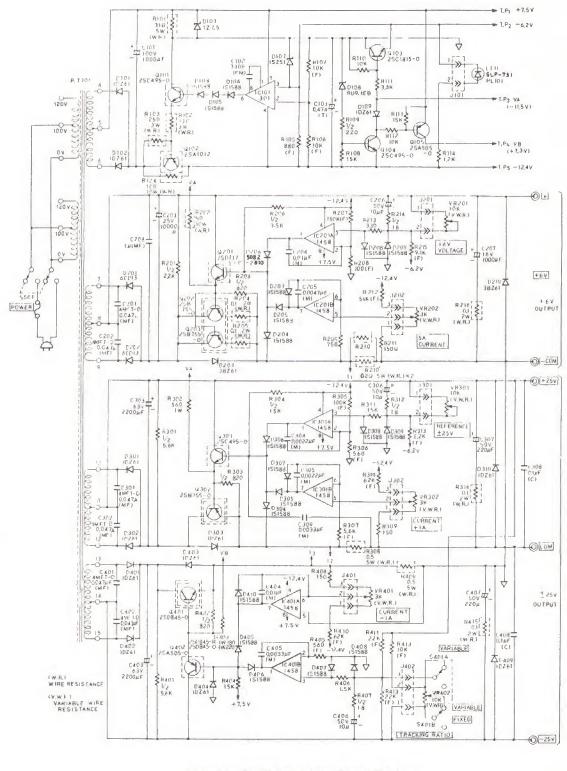


Figure 9-6. LPS-152 Power Supply Board, T2672A

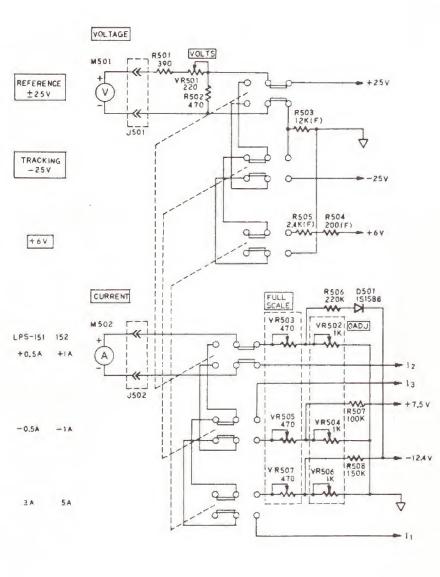


Figure 9-7 LPS-151/152 Meter Board, T2665A